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CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) Blackjack Water Association Public Water Supply Name 0710005 2 6050016 List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or emai

email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
On water bills (attach copy of bill)
☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below)
□ Other
Date(s) customers were informed:/,/
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
Date Mailed/Distributed: / /
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) Date Emailed: / /
☐ As a URL (Provide URL)
☐ As an attachment
☐ As text within the body of the email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Southern Sential
Date Published: 5 / 10 / 17
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted:/
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply
Name/Title (President/Mayor, Owner, etc.) Date
Submission antions (Salact one method ONI V)

Submission options (Select one method ONLY)

Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)

MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply

P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

(601) 576 - 7800 Fax:

Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Falkner/Blackjack Water Association PWS#: 0700005 & 0050016 April 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Eutaw McShan Aquifers.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Town of Falkner have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Randle Miskelly at 662.837.4940. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 6:00 PM at the Falkner City Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

PWS ID#:	0700005		Tl	EST RESU	LTS				
Contaminant Violation Y/N (Date Collected			Unit Measurement	MCLG MCL		Likely Source of Contamination	
Inorganic	Contami	nants							
10. Barium	N	2016	.1599	.14181599	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
13. Chromium	N	2016	.7	No Range	ppb	100	100 Discharge from steel and p mills; erosion of natural dep		
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	.3	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3 Corrosion of household plu systems; erosion of natura deposits; leaching from wo preservatives		
Disinfection	n By-Pro	oducts							
81. HAA5	N	2016	5	No Range	ppb	0 60 By-Product of drinking water disinfection.			

82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2016	2.7	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2016	.9	.70- 1.5	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

PWS ID#: 0	Violation	Date	Level	Range of	Unit	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
		Collected	Detected	Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Measurement	WICEG	5 (VICE	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	ontami	nants						
8. Arsenic	N	2015*	.5	No Range	ppb	ŋ,	/a	10 Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2015*	.0434	.04230434	ppm		2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2015*	3.3	3 – 3.3	ppb	10	00 1	00 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2012/14*	.1	0	ppm	1.	.3 AL=	1.3 Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2015*	.158	.147158	ppm		4	4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	2	0	ppb		0 AL=	15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	By-Pro	ducts						
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	,		1.28 N	lo Range	ppb	0	80 By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Chlorine	N 2	2016 .	90 .8	3 – 1.1	ppm	0 1	/IDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

NOTICE: The report will not be mail to each customer, however a copy an be obtained at our office.

TOWN OF FALKNER WATER P O BOX 117 FALKNER, MS 38629-0117 (662)837-4940 (662)837-4792

Copy of Falkner System

Route - 1 Account - 1790

Reading Date - 05/05/2017

-PRE AUTHORIZED DRAFT-

Due By: 06/10/2017

Amount: 23.00

Amount Enclosed:

THE STREET

Due After: 06/10/2017.

Amount: 25.30

MISKELLY RANDLE

21611 HWY 15 FALKNER MS 38629-9774

Return this portion with your payment

Account Inform	ation	Service	Present	Previous	Usage	Charge
Route- 1 Acctno-1790						
MISKELLY RANDLE		WA	292700	290800	1900	14.00
21611 HWY 15		SW				9.00
FALKNER MS 38629-9774	ŀ					
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Account Aging						
Current	23.00					
30 Day	0.00					
60 Day	0.00			and the second s		
90 Day & Over	0.00					
Last Payment Of \$ 36.50						
Made On 05/10/2017			1	I		
Check #				Total Due I	3y: 06/10/2017	23.00
					Late Charge:	2.30
			Amoui	nt Due If Paid Aft	er: 06/10/2017	25.30

CCR REPORTS ARE NOW AVAILABE TO BE VIEWED AT CITY HALL

TOWN OF FALKNER WATER #2 P O BOX 117 FALKNER, MS 38629-0117 (662)837-4940 (662)837-4792

Route - 10 Account - 865

Reading Date - 05/05/2017

Copy of Benton System/ Blackjack System

Due By: 06/10/2017

Amount: 14.60

Amount Enclosed:

Due After: 06/10/2017

16.06 Amount:

WEBB LARRY

2961 BLACKJACK RD ASHLAND, MS 38603

Return this portion with your payment

Return this portion with your payment								
Account Information	Service	Present	Previous	Usage	Charge			
Route-10 Acctno- 865								
WEBB LARRY	WA	562700	560500	2200	14.60			
2961 BLACKJACK RD								
ASHLAND, MS 38603								
		_						
Remaining Meter Deposit								
Kemaning weit: Deposit								
Water 75.00								
			,					
Account Aging								
Account Aging								
Current 14.60								
30 Day 0.00								
60 Day 0.00 90 Day & Over 0.00								
90 Day & Over 0.00								
Last Payment Of \$ 14.90		1	1					
Made On 05/10/2017			Total Due	By: 06/10/2017	14.60			
Check # CHECK		ما عبد الله	unt Due If Paid A	Late Charge:	1.46 16.06			
		Amo	unt Due II Faid A	iter. Og/IU/ZUI/	10.00			

CCR REPORTS ARE NOW AVAILABE TO BE VIEWED AT CITY HALL



Dear Water System,

Please find enclosed your 2016 Consumer Confidence Report. Be sure to inform your customers about the report by the means of your choice, fill out the Certification form and mail it along with a complete copy of the actual report to the MS Department of Health, Bureau of Water Supply.

If you have any questions concerning the report, please don't hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely,

Cecilia Garris Office Manager

MsRWA